## Financial Literacy Standards by State as covered in the COUNTRY Financial/Financial Beginnings Materials

<u>Alabama</u>

<u>Alaska</u>	
Arizona	
Colorado	
Georgia	
Illinois	
lowa	
<u>Kansas</u>	
Minnesota	
Missouri	
<u>Nevada</u>	
North Dakota	
<u>Oklahoma</u>	
<u>Oregon</u>	
<u>Tennessee</u>	
Washington	
Wisconsin	

State	K-2	3-6	Middle School	High School
Alabama				1. Describing how the United States Federal Reserve System oversees the banking system and regulates the quantity of money in the economy 2. Defining monetary policy
Alaska	2nd: G.3. Identify and compare the costs and benefits when making choices.	3rd: F.6. Understand the role of economic institutions in the United States, including the Federal Reserve Board, trade unions, banks, investors, and the stock market.  5th: G.3. Identify and compare the costs and benefits when making choices.		
Arizona	PO 4. Discuss differences between needs and wants. PO 5. Recognize various forms of U.S. currency. PO 5. Compare the use of barter and money in the exchange for goods and services (e.g., trade a toy for candy, buying candy with money).	PO 1. Discuss different ways individuals can earn money. PO 1. Describe how interest is an incentive to saving money PO 1. Explain how the following are used to purchase goods and services: a. cash b. check c. money order d. debit card e. credit card PO 1. Compare the cost and benefits	PO 4. Describe how income for most people is determined by the value of the goods and services they sell.  PO 1. Identify the organization and functions of the Federal Reserve System.  PO 2. Describe types of personal investments (e.g., saving accounts, stocks, mutual funds, bonds, retirement funds, land). PO 3.  Describe the role	PO 5. Describe the functions of the Federal Reserve System (e.g., banking regulation and supervision, financial services, monetary policy) and their influences on the economy.  PO 1. Explain how education, career choices, and family obligations affect future income.  PO 3. Determine short and long term financial goals and plans, including income, spending,

		PO 2. Explain how	of the stock market	PO 4. Compare the
		interest is the price	in personal	advantages and
		paid to borrow	investing	disadvantage of using
		money.	PO 4. Describe	various forms of credit
		PO 3. Describe	types of personal	and the determinants
		how education,	investments (e.g.,	of credit history.
		skills, and career	saving accounts,	PO 5. Explain the risk,
		choices affect	stocks, bonds).	return, and liquidity of
		income.	<b>PO 4.</b> Describe	short and long
		<b>PO 4.</b> Discuss how	various forms of	term saving and
		profit is an	credit. (e.g.,	investment
		incentive to	personal loans,	vehicles.
			credit cards, lines	
		entrepreneurs. <b>PO 5.</b> Describe		PO 6. Identify
			of credit,	investment options,
		risks that are taken	mortgages, auto	(e.g., stocks, bonds,
		by entrepreneurs.	loans).	mutual funds)
		<b>PO 6.</b> Identify the	PO 5. Analyze the,	available to individuals
		role of financial	advantages,	and households.
		institutions in	disadvantages, and	
		providing services	alternatives to	
		(e.g., savings	consumer credit.	
		accounts, loans).	<b>PO 6.</b> Analyze the	
		<b>PO 6.</b> Discuss the	costs and benefits	
		function of banks	of producing a	
		in providing	personal budget.	
		checking accounts,	PO 7. Create a	
		savings accounts,	personal budget to	
		and loans.	include fixed and	
			variable expenses	
			PO 8. Identify the	
			benefits of future	
			financial planning.	
	Kindergarten:	<u>3rd:</u>	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1. Compare and
	<b>1.</b> Identify the	1. Recognize that		contrast different
	difference	different		types of taxing. Topics
Colorado	between	currencies and		to include but not
Colorado	personal wants	forms of exchange		limited to progressive,
	and needs (DOK 1-	that exist and list		regressive, and
	2)	the functions of		proportional (DOK 1-2)
	2. Give examples	money to include		2. Develop a financial
	of the difference	but not limited to		plan including a
	between	such topics as		budget based on
	spending income	medium of		short- and long-term
				_
	on something	exchange, store of		goals (DOK 1-4)
	you want versus	value, and		<b>3.</b> Analyze financial
	something you	measure of value		information for
	need (DOK 1-2)	(DOK 1-2)		accuracy, relevance,
		Students can:		and steps for identity

	-	
<u>1st:</u>	2. Identify sources	protection (DOK 2-3)
1. Define a short-	of income	4. Describe factors
term financial goal	including gifts,	affecting take-home
(DOK 1)	allowances, and	pay (DOK 1)
2. Identify	earnings (DOK 1)	<b>5.</b> Identify sources of
examples of	3. Recognize that	personal income and
short-term	there are costs and	likely deductions and
financial goals	benefits	expenditures as a
(DOK 1)	associated with	basis for a financial
<b>3.</b> Discuss sources	borrowing to meet	plan (DOK 1-2)
of income needed	a short-term	
to meet short-	financial goal (DOK	
term goals such as	1-2)	
but not limited to	<b>4.</b> Identify jobs	
gifts, borrowing,	children can do to	
allowances, and	earn money for	
income (DOK 1-2)	personal,	
	philanthropic, or	
	entrepreneurial	
<u>2nd:</u>	goals (DOK 1)	
1. Identify	<b>5.</b> Create a plan for	
components of	a short-term	
financial decision-	financial goal (DOK	
making including	1-3)	
gathering,	<b>6.</b> Describe the	
evaluating, and	steps necessary to	
prioritizing	reach short-term	
information based	financial goals	
on a financial	(DOK 1-2)	
goal, and		
predicting the	<u>5th:</u>	
possible outcome	1. Identify	
of a decision (DOK	different financial	
1-2)	institutions (DOK	
2. Differentiate	1)	
between a long-	2. Identify the	
term and a short	products and	
term goal (DOK 1-	services of	
2)	financial	
	institutions to	
	include but not	
	limited to:	
	checking accounts,	
	savings accounts,	
	investments, and	
	loans (DOK 1)	
	<b>3.</b> Compare and	
	contrast financial	

		institutions, their products, and services (DOK 1-2)  6th:  1. Differentiate between saving and investing (DOK 1-2)  2. Give examples of how saving and investing can improve financial well-being (DOK 1-2)  3. Describe the advantages and disadvantages and disadvantages of saving for short-and medium-term goals (DOK 1-2)  4. Explain the importance of an emergency fund (DOK 1)  5. Explain why saving is a prerequisite to investing (DOK 1)  6. Explain how saving and investing income can improve financial well-being (DOK 1-2)		
Georgia	Kindergarten: SSKE3 The student will explain how money is used to purchase goods and services. b. Identify various forms of U.S. money (coins, currency).	4th: SS4E2 The student will identify the elements of a personal budget and explain why personal spending and saving decisions are important.	7th: a. Students will be asked to give a definition of Saving and a definition of Investing. b. Students will participate in the Stock Market Game sponsored by the Georgia Council of	ssepf2 The student will explain that banks and other financial institutions are businesses that channel funds from savers to investors.  a. Compare services offered by different financial institutions.  b. Explain reasons for the spread between

#### 1st:

**SS1E4** The student will describe the costs and benefits of personal spending and saving choices

### 2nd:

**\$\$2E1** The student will explain that because of scarcity, people must make choices and incur opportunity costs.

**SS5E3** The student will describe how consumers and businesses interact in the U.S. economy.

c. Describe how entrepreneurs take risks to develop new goods and services to start a business.

#### 6th:

**SS6E4** The student will explain personal money management choices in terms of income, spending, credit, saving, and investing.

- How does a person decide on what to spend his/her income?
- How does buying on credit work?
- Why do people use credit?
- What are the advantages and disadvantages of using credit?
- By what methods can people save their money?
- Why is it important to save money?
- What does investing money mean?
- Why do people invest?
- What are the advantages and disadvantages of

**Economic** Education. See www.gcee.org

**c.** Using the results of this game, in a 200-350 word response paper, students will analyze the impact that this would have on their personal financial future. At

- minimum the response paper should include: 1. Rationale for selecting countries to invest in (include the effects
- their decisions) 2. Analysis of investing versus saving

of local customs

and policies on

- 3. Impact of the transaction on personal financial portfolio
- 4. Impact of decisions on projected personal life

# 8th:

Discuss the meaning of credit. Ask students to decide if paying the monthly bill for a cell phone and having a department store credit card are both examples of credit? Then have

interest charged and interest earned. c. Give examples of the direct relationship between risk and

return.

credit.

- **d.** Evaluate a variety of savings and investment options; include stocks, bonds, and mutual funds. **SSEPF4** The student will evaluate the costs and benefits of using
- a. List factors that affect credit worthiness.
- **b.** Compare interest rates on loans and credit cards from different institutions.
- c. Explain the difference between simple and compound interest rates.

**SSEPF5** The student will describe how insurance and other risk-management strategies protect against financial loss. a. List various types of insurance such as automobile, health, life, disability, and property.

b. Explain the costs and benefits associated with different types of insurance.

**SSEPF6** The student will describe how the earnings of workers are determined in the marketplace.

a. Identify skills that

	<b>15.A.1b</b> Describe	investing?  15.A.2b Describe	them make a list of other examples of credit. Finally, write a paragraph on good credit: why it's important, how to get it. • What are some possible sources of income for teens? • Why is it important to save money? • Why is good credit important? • What dangers are associated with credit? • How might an individual increase their income potential?  15.E.3a Identify	are required to be successful in the workplace.  b. Explain the significance of investment in education, training, and skill development.
Illinois	how wages/salaries can be earned in exchange for work.	how incomes reflect choices made about education and careers.	the types of taxes levied by differing levels of governments (e.g. income tax, sales tax, property tax).	costs and benefits of making consumer purchases through differing means (e.g. credit, cash).  15.B.5b Analyze how inflation and interest rates affect consumer purchasing power.
Iowa	No standards currently available	No standards currently available	No standards currently available	No standards currently available
Kansas	Kindergarten:  Tell or draw a picture of personal wants and needs  Distinguish actions of spending from actions of saving  How might saving improve someone's life in the future?	<ul> <li>3rd:</li> <li>•·What are the costs and benefits of spending and saving? (Standard 1)</li> <li>•What shared responsibilities in your community are met through taxes? (Standard 2)</li> </ul>	•	Places/Institutions: Federal Reserve, financial markets, World Bank •What factors should be considered when making choices about personal finance? (Standard 1) •Should the government be able to mandate personal spending (i.e. Auto

(Standard 2)		and health insurance)?
•Why do people		(Standard 2)
want to have a		<ul><li>In what ways is</li></ul>
job? (Standard 3)		managing risk and
•What is a job yo		return a function of
would like to hav		diversity? (Standard 3)
someday?		•In what ways do
(Standard 4)		circumstances change
(Standard 4)		personal financial
1.01.		priorities? (Standard
1st:		•
Profile a family's		4)
needs and wants		•What role do
•Explore jobs		personal values and
Distinguish		relationships have on
between items		financial planning?
that meet needs		(Standard 5)
and items that		
meet wants in a		
store		
Demonstrate		
responsible		
decision-making		
<ul><li>Distinguish</li></ul>		
between		
barter/trade and		
money		
<u>2nd:</u>		
•Why do people		
need to be		
responsible abou	+	
spending and		
saving? (Standard	1	
2)		
•Why is money		
primarily used in		
the United States		
today instead of		
trade/barter?		
(Standard		
3)		
•How have		
people's wants		
and needs		
changed over		
time? (Standard		
4)		
•What goods and		

	services are an important part of a person's daily life? (Standard 5)			
Minnesota	1. Students will identify the difference between basic needs (food, clothing, and shelter) and wants (things people would like to have).  2. Students will explain that money can be used to buy goods and services.	1. Students will identify multiple forms of income and their source. 2. Students will describe various financial institutions and compare and contrast their roles, and explain how those institutions relate to their lives.		1. Students will identify multiple forms of income and their sources. 2. Students will explain how interest rates influence business investment spending and consumer spending on housing, cars, and other major purchases. 3. Students will analyze short- and long-term investment options such as stocks, bonds, real estate, and mutual funds by comparing the risk, return, and liquidity of these instruments. 4. Students will recognize a proper role for credit and how to utilize risk management strategies including the use of insurance. 5. Students will explain the concepts of compound interest and the Rule of 72, and the applicability to both investment gains
Missouri		3rd: Identify taxes that students experience, such as sales taxes  4th: Compare saving	8th: Identify different forms of taxes, such as tariffs, sales taxes and income taxes, and their purposes	and debt retirement.

		and financial		
		investment		
	<b>E10.1.1</b> Explain	E10.3.1 Identify	E10.[6-8].1	<b>E10.[9-12].1</b> Describe
	what money is	forms of	Describe the	the nation's current
	and how it is	money used by	transition from the	money supply
	used.	people across time	use of	measures, including
	<b>E10.2.1</b> Discuss	and place.	commodities as	M1 and M2.
	the concept that	<b>E10.3.2</b> Define	money to the use	<b>E10.[9-12].2</b> Explain
	money is limited.	banking terms,	of modern forms	the three functions of
	E10.2.2 Identify	including saving,	of money.	money: medium of
Nevada	reasons for saving	interest, and	E10.[6-8].2	exchange, store of
	money.	borrowing.	Illustrate how	value, unit of account.
	E10.K.1 Identify	E10.3.3 Identify	prices stated in	<b>E10.[9-12].3</b> Explain
	United States	reasons people use	money terms help	why a real interest
	currency.	banks.	people compare	rate accurately
		E10.4.2 Identify	the value of	measures the benefit
		instances in which	products.	of saving or the cost of
		people might pay	<b>E10.[6-8].3</b> Explain	borrowing, and
		interest or receive	why riskier loans	indicate ways a high
		interest.	command higher	interest rate could be
		E10.5.2 Identify	interest rates than	detrimental or
		how interest rates	safer loans.	beneficial.
		affect borrowing,	<b>E10.[6-8].4</b> Identify	<b>E10.[9-12].4</b> Explain
		saving, and	the pros and cons	what a credit rating is
		purchasing using	of paying with cash	and how it affects
		credit. <b>E10.5.3</b>	versus using credit.	access to loans.
		Identify services	E10.[6-8].5	<b>E10.[9-12].5</b> Compare
		offered by	Compare the risk	the risks and rewards
		different types	and rewards of	of using the services
		financial	saving money in	offered by different
		institutions.	financial	financial institutions.
		E10.5.4 Illustrate	institutions.	
		how one person's	<b>E10.[6-8].6</b> Explain	
		spending becomes	the circular flow of	
		another person's	economic activity.	
		income.	E10.[6-8].12	
		<b>E12.5.2</b> Define	Compare the	
		exchange rates.	buying power of	
			the U.S. dollar in	
			one year with its	
			buying power in	
			another year using	
			the consumer price	
			index (CPI).	
			E10.[6-8].14	
			Explain the	
			purposes and	
			functions of	

	2nd:	4th:	financial institutions by comparing and contrasting the services, and evaluate the risks and rewards to borrowers and savers. 7th:	<b>12.3.2</b> Explain the role
North Dakota	<b>2.3.1</b> Differentiate between goods and services, consumers and producers	4.3.1 Describe the impact of education, training, and health care on personal income	7.3.2 Differentiate among currency values and their exchange rates	of money and the role of financial institutions in a market economy
Oklahoma	Kindergarten:  1. Explain how various community people including police officers, firefighters, soldiers, school personnel, business professionals, and medical personnel impact his/her life.  2. Explain the relationship between work and earning money.  3. Describe the basic needs of food, clothing, and shelter that are common to all people.  1st:  1. Summarize the need for money, how money is earned, and how money and credit	PCISONAL INCOME		1. Describe how banks match savers with borrowers and allow people to pool their incomes and provide future income through investing in stocks.  2. Explain how individuals, businesses and the overall economy benefit from using and saving money.  3. Identify the components of the money supply, the different functions of money, and give examples of each.  4. Explain how the value of money is determined by the goods and services it can buy.  5. Determine how changes in real interest rates impact people's decisions to borrow money and purchase goods in a market economy.

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	various methods of saving and how			fraud, identity theft, bankruptcy and
	saving can help			foreclosure.
	reach financial			HS.39. Compare and
				contrast tools for
	goals.			
				payment (e.g. cash, credit, check, debit
				card, phone, mobile)
				and explain the advantages and
				· ·
				disadvantages of each.
				<b>HS.40.</b> Identify and
				explain different opportunities for
				investment and draw
				economic conclusions
				from market data.
				<b>HS.42.</b> Compare and
				contrast different
				options for long-term
				investment (e.g.
				stocks, bond, CDs,
				mutual funds IRA,
				401k, pension plans,
				Social Security).
				<b>HS.43.</b> Compare and
				contrast of various
				types of loans
				available and how to
				obtain them, including
				student loans
				<b>HS.44.</b> Describe
				advantages and
				disadvantages of
				online banking
				options.
				<b>HS.45.</b> Explain how to
				prepare a budget that
				allows for "living
				within one's means."
	Kindergarten:	3rd:	8th:	<b>1.1</b> Interpret factors
	<b>1.</b> Explain why	<b>a.</b> Identify ways of	Evaluate the	affecting income:
Tan	people have jobs.	earning, spending,	relationship	Career choices and
Tennessee	2. Distinguish	and saving money.	between creditors	potential income,
	between needs	<b>b.</b> Analyze a simple	and debtors.	Educational
	and wants.	budget that	<b>8.2.spi.5.</b> Identify	requirements/training
	1c+·	allocates money for spending and	various forms of	costs, Educational level
	<u>1st:</u>	Tot spending and	taxation (i.e.	IEVEI

1 Diationaviah tha	an dia a	towiffe color tow	1.2 Amply and ample you
<b>1.</b> Distinguish the	saving.	tariffs, sales tax,	<b>1.2</b> Analyze employer
difference		excise tax).	benefits packages:
between goods	<u>4th:</u>		Savings plan,
and services.	a. Explain and		Retirement Insurance,
2. Differentiate	demonstrate the		Leave (vacation, sick,
between	role of money in		etc.), Stock purchase,
consumers and	daily life.		Educational
producers.			reimbursement,
			Incentive plans,
	<u>5th:</u>		Cafeteria plan
<u>2nd:</u>	5.2.spi.3.		1.4 Examine the
Give examples of	Recognize the		components of paying
the various	concept of buying		taxes; Types of taxes
institutions that	on credit.		(Federal, State,
make up	on credit.		County, City); Personal
•			and employer tax
economic systems			
such as families,			responsibilities;
workers, banks,			Various documents for
labor unions,			reporting taxes (W-2,
government			W-4 1040, 1040-EZ,
agencies, small			1099, etc.)
businesses, and			<b>1.5</b> Analyze the costs
large			and benefits of paying
corporations.			taxes
			Standard 2: Money
			Management
			Performance
			Indicators:
			The student will:
			<b>2.1</b> Apply a decision
			making process to
			personal financial
			choices <b>2.2</b> Design a
			current personal
			financial plan
			<b>2.3</b> Create a realistic
			household budget that
			· ·
			includes the following
			items:
			1. Short-term
			components- saving
			and spending
			(housing, utilities,
			food, entertainment,
			clothing,
			transportation,
			personal items,
			insurance, etc.)

2. Long-term components-saving and spending (estate planning, wills, insurance, long-term care) 2.4 Understand banking procedures and services: Checking and savings accounts (maintaining and reconciling). Bank service fees, Payment methods, Debit, bank, and automatic teller machine (ATM) cards, Loans 2.5 Analyze personal risk management (insurance): Health, Life, Homeowners, Auto, Renters, Disability, Long-term care Standard 3: Spending 8. Credit Performance Indicators: The student will: 3.1 Demonstrate knowledge of basic principles of consumer finance: Credit worthiness, Comparison shopping, Purchases, Goods/ Services, Consumer loans/credit life insurance, Opportunity cost, Consequences of purchasing choices 3.2 Demonstrate awareness of consumer protection and information: Personal	T	Γ	
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banking procedures and services: Checking and savings accounts (maintaining and reconciling), Bank service fees, Payment methods, Debit, bank, and automatic teller machine (ATM) cards, Loans 2.5 Analyze personal risk management (insurance): Health, Life, Homeowners, Auto, Renters, Disability, Long-term care Standard 3: Spending & Credit Performance Indicators: The student will: 3.1 Demonstrate knowledge of basic principles of consumer finance: Credit worthiness, Comparison shopping, Purchases, Goods/ Services, Consumer loans/credit life insurance, Opportunity cost, Consequences of purchasing choices 3.2 Demonstrate awareness of consumer protection and information:			-
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& Credit Performance Indicators: The student will: 3.1 Demonstrate knowledge of basic principles of consumer finance: Credit worthiness, Comparison shopping, Purchases, Goods/ Services, Consumer loans/credit life insurance, Opportunity cost, Consequences of purchasing choices 3.2 Demonstrate awareness of consumer protection and information:			_
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3.2 Demonstrate awareness of consumer protection and information:			-
awareness of consumer protection and information:			-
consumer protection and information:			
and information:			
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Personal			
			Personal

	responsibility, Laws
	and regulations, Legal
	documents, including
	contracts, Consumer
	protections, Crimes
	against consumers,
	Fraud/Scams, Loan
	Sharking, Identity
	theft/protection,
	Credit reporting
	services (Equifax,
	Trans Union, Experian,
	etc.), Rental/ Lease
	<b>3.3</b> Analyze consumer
	debt management:
	Credit card use and
	abuse, Credit costs
	(interest [including
	APR], penalties, fees,
	credit score, etc.),
	Loan consolidation
	(benefits and
	disadvantages), Credit
	Counseling
	<b>5.</b> Credit problems
	including bankruptcy,
	foreclosure,
	repossession,
	surrender of collateral
	(turn back),
	delinquency,
	garnishment, effect on
	employment and
	purchase of insurance,
	etc.
	<b>3.4</b> Examine various
	forms of credit
	payment: Installment,
	Bank draft, Lay Away,
	Electronic (Internet,
	debit card, electronic
	transfer, credit card)
	3.5 Compare/contrast
	various types of loans:
	Mortgage, Balloon
	Installment,
	Education/Training
	loans, Check cashing

			businesses, Personal, Secured and unsecured, Line of
			credit, Equity, Title loans, Pawn shops
Washington		7th: 1. Examines the costs and benefits of getting a credit card and accumulating debt. 2. Examines the pros and cons of buying a Washington State lottery ticket. 3. Examines how people in Washington State make choices about where to invest their money for the highest return and lowest risk.	
Wisconsin	4th: A.1 Understand how career choice, education, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect income. A.4.1.1 Be aware of how career choices, education choices, and skills affect income. A.4.1.2 Recognize the difference	8th:  A.1 Understand how career choice, education, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect income.  A.8.1.1 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect	A.1 Understand how career choice, education, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect income. A.12.1.1 Evaluate and demonstrate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect income. A.12.1.2 Analyze how
	between a job and a career. <b>B.3</b> Develop a financial vision based on an examination of personal values.	income. <b>A.8.1.2</b> Describe the unique characteristics of both a job and a career. <b>C.1</b> Identify and	personal and cultural values may impact financial decisions. <b>A.4</b> Explain how taxes and employee benefits relate to disposable income.

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	B.4.3.1 Identify	evaluate credit	A.12.4.1 Demonstrate
	ways to earn and	products and	how taxes can change
	save for a future	services.	or affect income and
	event.	<b>C.8.1.1</b> Compare	lifestyle.
	B.4.3.2 Recognize	the benefits and	<b>A.12.4.2</b> Analyze how
	age- appropriate	costs of spending	payroll deductions
	financial goals.	decisions.	modify an employee's
	C.2 Identify and	<b>C.8.1.2</b> Analyze	disposable income.
	compare sources	information about	<b>A.12.4.3</b> Explain how
	of credit.	products and	taxable income
	C.4.2.1 Describe	services.	impacts disposable
	the difference	C.8.1.3 Contrast a	income.
	between credit	rapid access loan	<b>A.12.4.4</b> Research
	and debt.	and a bank loan.	government programs
	C.4.2.2 List sources	C.2 Identify and	and services that are
	of credit.	compare sources	available to
	C.3 Identify and	of credit.	employees and how
	evaluate interest	C.8.2.1 Distinguish	they affect the quality
	rates, fees, and	the financial	of life.
	other charges.	benefits and	<b>B.2</b> Understand the
	C.4.3.1	services of	purposes and services
	Understan	different types of	of
	d the concept of a	lending	financial institutions.
	credit card and a	institutions.	
	debit card.		<b>B.12.2.1</b> Develop a
	C.4.3.2	C.8.2.2 Explain	plan that uses the services of various
	Understan	strategies of debt and credit	
			financial institutions to
	d the relationship	management.	meet personal and
	between income	C.8.2.3 Explain	family financial goals.
	and expenses.	credit terminology.	<b>B.12.2.2</b> Describe and
	C.4.3.3 Identify	<b>C.8.2.4</b> Analyze	calculate interest and
	debt payment	sources of	fees applied to various
	methods.	consumer credit.	forms of spending,
	C.4 Interpret credit	C.3 Identify and	debt, and saving.
	scores and reports.	evaluate interest	
	<b>C.4.4.1</b> Discuss	rates, fees, and	
	personal	other charges.	
	responsibilities	C.8.3.1 Explain	
	related to	options for	
	borrowing.	payment on credit	
	<b>C.5</b> Calculate the	cards.	
	cost of borrowing.	C.8.3.2	
	<b>C.4.5.1</b> Define	Differentia	
	interest	te between a	
		credit card, charge	
		card, and debit	
		card.	
		C.8.3.3	

## Financial Literacy Standards by State as covered in the COUNTRY Financial/Financial Beginnings Materials

Demonstra	
te balance sheet	
concepts: debit	
and credit.	
C.8.3.4 Compare	
advantages and	
disadvantages of	
various debt	
payment methods.	
<b>C.8.3.5</b> Define	
terminology	
associated with	
mortgages.	
<b>C.4</b> Interpret credit	
sources and	
reports.	
C.8.4.1 Explain the	
factors affecting a	
"credit score."	
C.8.4.2 Identify	
factors that affect	
creditworthiness	
and the purposes	
of credit records.	
C.8.4.3 Identify	
ways to avoid or	
correct credit	
problems.	